

OECD Urban Work

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OECD work in urban policy

Country-specific reviews of metro-regions and national urban policy

(competitiveness, sustainability, inclusion and governance)

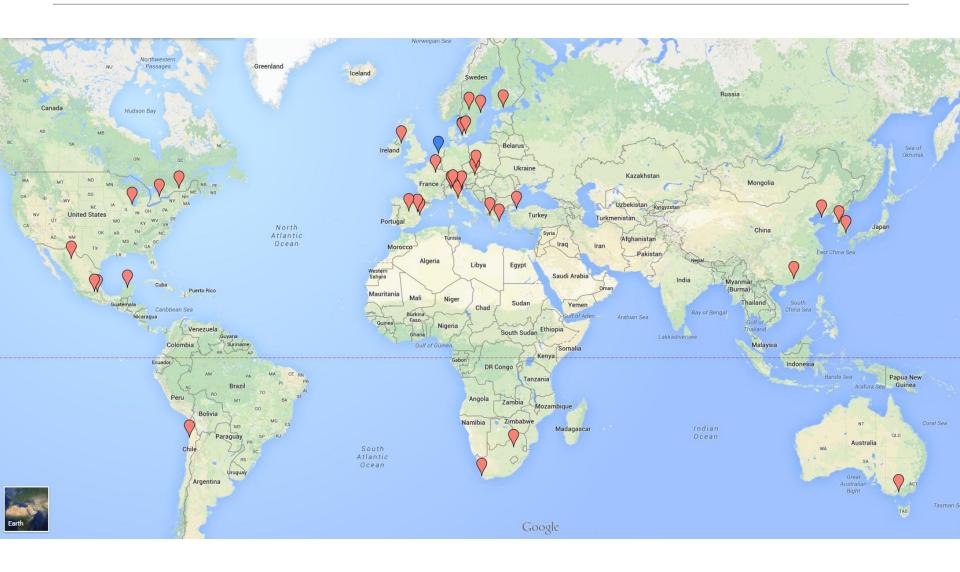
Policy dialogue on urban issues

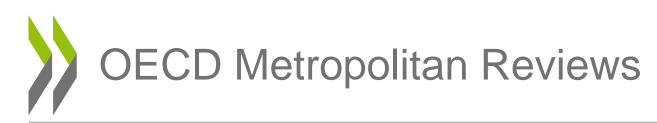
to facilitate knowledge exchange and best practices (Roundtable of Mayors and Ministers) **Horizontal analyses**

targeting, for instance, urban competitiveness, governance, climate change and green growth



OECD Metropolitan Reviews





- **OECD Peer Review.** A framework to compare experiences, examine best practices in a range of policy domains
- Focus on subnational level.
 Tailored studies of a state or metro region to assess:
 - ✓ Why metro regions matter to the national economy
 - ✓ How metro regions can be more competitive, sustainable and equitable
 - ✓ What institutional arrangements can improve economic, environmental & social outcomes







Urban development



- Transport oriented Development (TOD)
 - Not everybody can live in the city center
 - Need for affordable, quality housing with good access to jobs, amenities (hospitals, schools) and places for leisure
- Large cities need well organised and efficient public transport systems
 - carbon, pollution
 - not everybody can drive in city at same time
 - Space in cities (especially in city centers) is valuable for the well-being of citizens – usually too valuable to waste it all for driving and parking cars



Land use

- Many policies inadvertently create sprawl (even in countries that follow compact cities approach)
- Certain land use regulations are needed. In practice, many regulations unfortunate and large factor for housing in many cities becoming unaffordable for significant share of citizens
- Organise growth of cities rather than trying to prevent it (good example Portland, bad example London)
- Need for coordinated transport and land use policies undertaken at metropolitan scale
 - Governance issues
 - fragmentation